

## **42.02 VEGETATION PROTECTION OVERLAY**

Shown on the planning scheme map as **VPO** with a number.

### **Purpose**

To implement the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.

To protect areas of significant vegetation.

To ensure that development minimises loss of vegetation.

To preserve existing trees and other vegetation.

To recognise vegetation protection areas as locations of special significance, natural beauty, interest and importance.

To maintain and enhance habitat and habitat corridors for indigenous fauna.

To encourage the regeneration of native vegetation.

### **42.02-1 Vegetation significance and objective**

A schedule to this overlay must contain:

- A statement of the nature and significance of the vegetation to be protected.
- The vegetation protection objective to be achieved.

### **42.02-2 Permit requirement**

A permit is required to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation specified in a schedule to this overlay.

This does not apply:

- If the vegetation has been planted for pasture, timber production or any other crop.
- To any action which is necessary to keep the whole or any part of a tree clear of an electric line provided the action is carried out in accordance with a code of practice prepared under Section 86 of the Electricity Safety Act 1998.
- If the vegetation presents an immediate risk of personal injury or damage to property.
- If the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation is necessary for emergency access or emergency works by a public authority or municipal council.
- If the removal, destruction, or lopping of vegetation is necessary for fire fighting measures, periodic fuel reduction burning, or the making of fire breaks up to 6 metres wide.
- To the removal of ground fuel within 30 metres of a building.
- If the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation is in accordance with a fire prevention notice under:
  - Section 65 of the Forests Act 1958.
  - Section 41 of the Country Fire Authority Act 1958.
  - Section 8 of the Local Government Act 1989.
- To the removal, destruction or lopping of the minimum extent of vegetation necessary for establishing sight-lines for the measurement of land by surveyors in the exercise of their profession, and if using hand held tools.
- If the vegetation is proclaimed as a noxious weed or is bracken (*Pteridium esculentum*).
- If the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation is in accordance with a notice under the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994.

- If the vegetation is burgan (*Kunzea ericoides* (previously *Leptospermum phylicoides*)) or manuka (*Leptospermum scoparium*) and is on land which meets each of the following conditions:
  - It is outside the Metropolitan Region.
  - It is more than 30 metres from a waterway.
  - It is being re-established or maintained for cultivation or pasture.
  - Ground slopes are less than 30 percent.
- To the removal, destruction or lopping of the minimum extent of vegetation necessary to remove burrows for vermin control. The total area in one ownership to be destroyed must not exceed 10 hectares.
- To the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation necessary for mineral exploration or mining authorised by an approved work plan and in accordance with an authority to commence work issued under the Mineral Resources Development Act 1990.

#### **42.02-3 Decision guidelines**

Before deciding on an application, in addition to the decision guidelines in Clause 65, the responsible authority must consider, as appropriate:

- The State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.
- The statement of the nature and significance of the vegetation to be protected and the vegetation protection objective contained in a schedule to this overlay.
- The effect of the proposed use, building, works or subdivision on the nature and type of vegetation to be protected.
- The role of native vegetation in conserving flora and fauna.
- The need to retain native or other vegetation if it is rare, supports rare species of flora or fauna or forms part of a wildlife corridor.
- The need to retain vegetation which prevents or limits adverse effects on ground water recharge.
- The need to retain vegetation:
  - Where ground slopes exceed 20 percent.
  - Within 30 metres of a waterway or wetland.
  - On land where the soil or subsoil may become unstable if cleared.
  - On land subject to or which may contribute to soil erosion, slippage or salinisation.
  - In areas where the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation could adversely affect the integrity or long term preservation of an identified site of scientific, nature conservation or cultural significance.
  - Which is of heritage or cultural significance.
- Any relevant permit to remove, destroy or lop vegetation in accordance with a land management plan or works program.
- Whether the application includes a land management plan or works program.
- Whether provision is made or is to be made to establish and maintain vegetation elsewhere on the land.
- Any other matters specified in a schedule to this overlay.

**Note:**

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*Refer to the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement, for strategies and policies which may affect the use and development of the land.*

*Check the requirements of the zone which applies to the land.*

*Other requirements may also apply. These can be found at Particular Provisions.*