

42.02

15/12/2008
VC50

VEGETATION PROTECTION OVERLAY

Shown on the planning scheme map as **VPO** with a number.

Purpose

To implement the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.

To protect areas of significant vegetation.

To ensure that development minimises loss of vegetation.

To preserve existing trees and other vegetation.

To recognise vegetation protection areas as locations of special significance, natural beauty, interest and importance.

To maintain and enhance habitat and habitat corridors for indigenous fauna.

To encourage the regeneration of native vegetation.

42.02-1

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Vegetation significance and objective

A schedule to this overlay must contain:

- A statement of the nature and significance of the vegetation to be protected.
- The vegetation protection objective to be achieved.

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Permit requirement

A permit is required to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation specified in a schedule to this overlay.

This does not apply:

- If the table to Clause 42.02-3 specifically states that a permit is not required.
- To the removal, destruction or lopping of native vegetation in accordance with a native vegetation precinct plan specified in the schedule to Clause 52.16.

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Table of exemptions

No permit is required to remove, destroy or lop vegetation to the minimum extent necessary if any of the following apply:

Regrowth

- The vegetation is regrowth which has naturally established or regenerated on land lawfully cleared of naturally established vegetation and is within the boundary of a timber production plantation, as indicated on a Plantation Development Notice or other documented record, and has established after the plantation.

This exemption does not apply to land on which vegetation has been cleared or otherwise destroyed or damaged as a result of flood, fire or other natural disaster.

No permit is required to remove, destroy or lop vegetation to the minimum extent necessary if any of the following apply:

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| Bracken | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is bracken (<i>Pteridium esculentum</i>) which has naturally established or regenerated on land lawfully cleared of naturally established vegetation. <p>This exemption does not apply to land on which vegetation has been cleared or otherwise destroyed or damaged as a result of flood, fire or other natural disaster.</p> |
| Noxious weeds | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is a noxious weed the subject of a declaration under section 58 or section 58A of the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994. This exemption does not apply to Australian Dodder (<i>Cuscuta australis</i>). |
| Pest animal burrows | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable the removal of pest animal burrows. <p>In the case of native vegetation the written agreement of an officer of the Department responsible for administering the Flora and Fauna Guarantee Act 1988 is required before the vegetation can be removed, destroyed or lopped.</p> |
| Land use conditions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to comply with a land use condition served under the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994. |
| Land management notices | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to comply with land management notice issued under the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994. |
| Planted vegetation | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation has been planted or grown as a result of direct seeding for Crop raising or Extensive animal husbandry. |
| Emergency works | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation presents an immediate risk of personal injury or damage to property and only that part of vegetation which presents the immediate risk is removed, destroyed or lopped.▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped by a public authority or municipal council to create an emergency access or to enable emergency works. |
| Fire protection | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped for the making of a fuelbreak by or on behalf of a public authority in accordance with a strategic fuelbreak plan approved by the Secretary of the Department of Sustainability and Environment. The maximum width of a fuelbreak must not exceed 40 metres.▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped for fire fighting measures, periodic fuel reduction burning, or the making of a fuel break up to 6 metres wide.▪ The vegetation is ground fuel within 30 metres of a building.▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped in |

No permit is required to remove, destroy or lop vegetation to the minimum extent necessary if any of the following apply:

accordance with a fire prevention notice under:

- Section 65 of the Forests Act 1958.
- Section 41 of the Country Fire Authority Act 1958.
- Section 8 of the Local Government Act 1989.
- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to keep the whole or any part of any vegetation clear of an electric line in accordance with a code of practice prepared under Part 8 of the Electricity Safety Act 1998.
- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped in accordance with any code of practice prepared in accordance with Part 8 of the Electricity Safety Act 1998 in order to minimise the risk of bushfire ignition in the proximity of electricity lines.

Surveying

- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped for establishing sight-lines for the measurement of land by surveyors in the exercise of their profession, and if using hand-held tools.

Public roads

- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to maintain the safe and efficient function of an existing public road managed by the relevant responsible road authority (as defined by the Road Management Act 2004) in accordance with the written agreement of the Secretary of the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

Railways

- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to maintain the safe and efficient function of an existing railway or railway access road, in accordance with the written agreement of the Secretary of the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

Extractive industry

- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable the carrying out of Extractive industry in accordance with a work plan approved under the Extractive Industries Development Act 1995 and authorised by a work authority granted under that Act.

Search for stone

- The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable the carrying out of the Search for stone.

The maximum extent of vegetation removed, destroyed or lopped under this exemption on contiguous land in the same ownership in a five year period must not exceed any of the following:

- 1 hectare of vegetation which does not include a tree.
- 15 trees if each tree has a trunk diameter of less than 40 centimetres at a height of 1.3 metres above ground level.
- 5 trees if each tree has a trunk diameter of 40 centimetres

No permit is required to remove, destroy or lop vegetation to the minimum extent necessary if any of the following apply:

or more at a height of 1.3 metres above ground level.

This exemption does not apply to vegetation to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable costeaning and bulk sampling activities.

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| Mining | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable the carrying out of Mining in accordance with a work plan approved under the Mineral Resources (Sustainable Development) Act 1990 and authorised by a work authority granted under that Act. |
| Mineral Exploration | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable the carrying out of Mineral exploration. |
| Geothermal energy exploration and extraction | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The vegetation is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to enable the carrying out of geothermal energy exploration or extraction in accordance with the Geothermal Energy Resources Act 2005. |

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Decision guidelines

Before deciding on an application, in addition to the decision guidelines in Clause 65, the responsible authority must consider, as appropriate:

- The State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.
- The statement of the nature and significance of the vegetation to be protected and the vegetation protection objective contained in a schedule to this overlay.
- The effect of the proposed use, building, works or subdivision on the nature and type of vegetation to be protected.
- The role of native vegetation in conserving flora and fauna.
- The need to retain native or other vegetation if it is rare, supports rare species of flora or fauna or forms part of a wildlife corridor.
- The need to retain vegetation which prevents or limits adverse effects on ground water recharge.
- The need to retain vegetation:
 - Where ground slopes exceed 20 percent.
 - Within 30 metres of a waterway or wetland.
 - On land where the soil or subsoil may become unstable if cleared.
 - On land subject to or which may contribute to soil erosion, slippage or salinisation.
 - In areas where the removal, destruction or lopping of vegetation could adversely affect the integrity or long term preservation of an identified site of scientific, nature conservation or cultural significance.
 - Which is of heritage or cultural significance.

- Any relevant permit to remove, destroy or lop vegetation in accordance with a land management plan or works program.
- Whether the application includes a land management plan or works program.
- Whether provision is made or is to be made to establish and maintain vegetation elsewhere on the land.
- Any other matters specified in a schedule to this overlay.

Note: *Refer to the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement, for strategies and policies which may affect the use and development of the land.*

Check the requirements of the zone which applies to the land.

Other requirements may also apply. These can be found at Particular Provisions.